



Description

□ Up to 11.1Gbps Data Links
□ Up to 60km transmission on SMF
□ Power dissipation<1.5W
□ 1330nm DFB laser and APD receiver for CL-SFP+_60-33
□ 2-wire interface with integrated Digital Diagnostic monitoring
□ EEPROM with Serial ID Functionality
□ Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
□ Compliant with SFP+ MSA with LC connector
□ Single + 3.3V Power Supply
□ Case operating temperature: -5°C~+70°C

Applications

• 10GBASE-BX

Standart

- \Box Compliant with SFF-8472
- □ Compliant to SFF-8431
- □ RoHS Compliant.

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TX/RX	INPUT/OUTPUT	SIGNAL DETECT	TEMPERATURE	LD Type	Distance
CL-SFP+_60-27	1330/1270	AC/AC	TTL	-5°C to 70 °C	DFB	60km
CL-SFP+_60-27I	1330/1270	AC/AC	TTL	-30°C to 70 °C	DFB	60km
CL-SFP+_60-271	1330/1270	AC/AC	TTL	-40°C to 85 °C	DFB	60km



Product Description

CL-SFP+_60-33 is hot pluggable 3.3V Small-Form-Factor transceiver module. It designed expressly for high-speed communication applications that require rates up to 11.1Gb/s,it designed to be compliant with SFF-8472 SFP+ MSA. The module data link up to 60km in 9/125 um single mode fiber.

I Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	-	85	°C	
Storage Ambient Humidity	HA	5	-	95	%	
Operating Relative Humidity	RH	-	-	85	%	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	-	4	V	
Signal Input Voltage		Vcc-0.3	-	Vcc+0.3	v	

II Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	-5	-	70	°C	Without air flow
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.14	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	ICC	-		450	mA	
Data Rate	BR		10.3125		Gbps	
Transmission Distance	TD		-	60	km	
Coupled fiber	Single mode fiber				9/125um SMF	



III Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Average Launched Power	PO	0	-	5	dBm	
Average Launched Power(Laser Off)	Poff	-	-	-30	dBm	Note (1)
Contra Woodlog of Barras	λC	1260	1270	1280	nm	
Center Wavelength Range	, nc	1320	1330	1340	nm	
Side mode suppression ratio	SMSR	30	-)	dB	
Spectrum Bandwidth(-20dB)	σ	-	-	1	nm	
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	Note (2)
Output Eye Mask	Com	pliant with II		Note (2)		
		Receiver				
Level On the UW and the st	1.01	1320	1330	1340	nm	
Input Optical Wavelength	λΙΝ	1260	1270	1280	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity	Psen	-	-	-20	dBm	Note (3)
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	Psat	-6	-	-	dBm	Note (3)
LOS -Assert Power	PA	-35	-	-	dBm	
LOS -Deassert Power	PD	-	-	-21	dBm	
LOS -Hysteresis	PHys	0.5	-	5	dB	

Note:

1. The optical power is launched into SMF

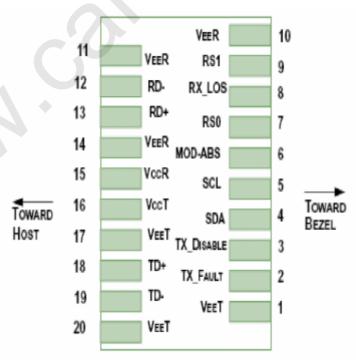
Measured with RPBS 2^31-1 test pattern @10.3125Gbs
 Measured with RPBS 2^31-1 test pattern @10.3125Gbs BER=<10^-12



IV. Electrical Interface Characteristics

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Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Total power supply current	Icc	-		450	mA	
	Tr	ansmitter				
Differential Data Input Voltage	VDT	180	-	700	mVp-p	
Differential line input Impedance	RIN	85	100	115	Ohm	
Transmitter Fault Output-High	VFaultH	2.4	-	Vcc	V	
Transmitter Fault Output-Low	VFaultL	-0.3	-	0.8	V	
Transmitter Disable Voltage- High	VDisH	2	-	Vcc+0.3	v	
Transmitter Disable Voltage- low	VDisL	-0.3	-	0.8	V	
	I	Receiver				
Differential Data Output Voltage	VDR	300		850	mVp-p	
Differential line Output Impedance	ROUT	80	100	120	Ohm	
Receiver LOS Pull up Resistor	RLOS	4.7		10	KOhm	
Data Output Rise/Fall time	tr/tf		-	38	ps	
LOS Output Voltage-High	VLOSH	2	-	Vcc	V	
LOS Output Voltage-Low	VLOSL	-0.3	-	0.4	V	

V. Pin Description







Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	NOTE.
1	V _{eet}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T FAULT	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	T _{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	4
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	4
6	MOD ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	4
7	RS0	Rate Select 0	5
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	6
9	RS1	No connection required	1
10	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V _{eer}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V _{eet}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Notes:

1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.

2. TFAULT is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k - 10k Ohms resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to Vcc + 0.3V.A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.

3. Laser output disabled on TDIS \geq 2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS \leq 0.8V.

4. Should be pulled up with $4.7k\Omega$ - $10k\Omega$ host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.

5. Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 4.1.

6. LOS is open collector output. It should be pulled up with $4.7k\Omega - 10k\Omega$ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.



VI. Digital Diagnostic Functions

Carelink CL-SFP+_60-33 transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP+MSA. The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, Carelink SFP+ transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

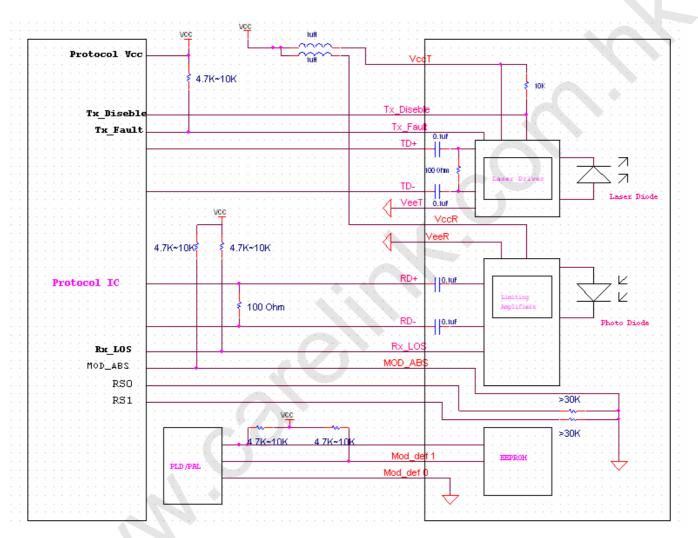
The SFP+ MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit ddress 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver.

The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

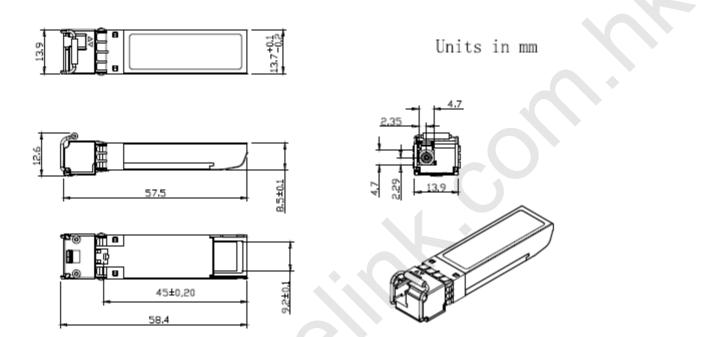


VII. Recommended Interface Circuit





VIII. Outline Dimensions



IX. Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance		
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards		
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards		
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product		
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950 , UL	Compatible with standards		
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards		
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards		